

HOWLING MOBS TO HEAR ROCKEFELLER

Standard Oil Magnate,
Finally in Court, is
Strangely Ignorant.

KNOWS LITTLE OF BUSINESS

Profit of Company During Three
Years Was Forty Per Cent.
on Capitalization of One
Hundred Million—Owns
Union Tank Line.
The Testimony.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 6.—John D. Rockefeller, of New Jersey, occupied the witness stand in the United States District Court today while Judge Landis asked him questions regarding the financial status and the business methods of the corporation of which he is the head. Mr. Rockefeller was a very willing and an equally unsatisfactory witness. He was ready to tell all that he knew, but he said that he knew practically nothing. The net result of his examination was that he said that during the years 1903, 1904 and 1905, the period covered by the indictment on which the Standard Oil Company of Indiana was recently convicted, the net profits of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey were approximately 40 per cent. of an outstanding capitalization of \$100,000,000. The investigation held today by Judge Landis was continued by him for the purpose of determining whether or not the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, which was convicted of violation of the law, was really owned by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, which was the corporation which was charged with the violation of the law, was similarly owned, and also to obtain an idea of the financial resources of the corporation and the assets of the convicted company. It was stated by officers of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey that it owned the greater part of the stock of both the Union Tank Line and the Standard Oil Company of Indiana. Specific figures of the earnings of the parent corporation were given by Charles M. Pratt, its secretary, and they were close to the estimate given by Mr. Rockefeller.

Great Spectacle in Court.
The prospective appearance in court of the man reputed to be the richest in the world brought about a spectacle the like of which has never been witnessed in the vicinity of a Chicago courtroom. The hour set for the appearance of Mr. Rockefeller was 10 o'clock, and an hour before that time the low-ceiled hallway outside the courtroom door was densely packed by a crowd, all of whom were anxious to obtain seats and hear the testimony. A large squad of United States deputy marshals and a detail of police were on hand, and even they were unable at times to control the crowd, which was so dense that frequent cries for assistance were heard, and people who were jammed against the wall frantically begged for relief from the pressure to which they were subjected. Marshal Hoy was compelled to telephone to police headquarters for further assistance. This was promptly sent, and from that time on the crowd was held in control. Inside the courtroom perfect order prevailed at all times, except at the time when Judge Landis threatened to clear the room if quiet was not preserved.

Arrival of Rockefeller.
John D. Rockefeller and William Rockefeller arrived at the Federal Building in the auto of Harold F. McCormick, the son-in-law of Mr. Rockefeller, at 9:30 o'clock. So curious were the people to see Mr. Rockefeller that it was necessary for twenty policemen to use force in pushing back the crowd to make a pathway for him. On the steps of the Federal Building the party was compelled to halt while the police fought with the crowd. Five local detectives and a number of secret service men gathered closely around Mr. Rockefeller to protect him from possible injury.

Mr. Rockefeller did not seem at all disturbed by the sensation he excited, and after the road had been cleared, he and William Rockefeller, closely attended by the officers, entered the building and made their way to the elevators. Here a car devoid of lights was under the special guard of the police, and entering it, Mr. Rockefeller was quickly taken to the sixth floor of the building and to the courtroom. He was shown to a seat to the left of the judge's desk and was well up into the room before the crowd was excluded. There was considerable excitement among the crowd, and some confusion resulted from the efforts made by all the spectators to obtain a quick view of him.

United States Marshal Hoy appeared and asked: "Are you comfortable here, Mr. Rockefeller?"
Merry Comfortable, Indeed.
"Perfectly, thank you. I am all right," he answered.
William Rockefeller, who had been sitting behind his brother, came forward in response to a signal and sat by the side of John D. Rockefeller. Grouped around them were C. M. Pratt, secretary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey; William P. Howe and F. Q. Barnston, assistant treasurers of the company; Charles T. White, assistant secretary; J. A. McKittrick, president of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana; W. P. Cowan, vice-president, and G. W. Stahl, secretary and treasurer of the same corporation. Other witnesses in the group were H. E. Felton, the president, and W. M. Hutchinson, secretary and treasurer of the Union Tank Line; Fred A. Wann, former general freight agent of the Chicago and Alton Railway, and a number of attorneys completed the group.

Would Not Excuse Him.
When the Standard Oil investigation was called the attorneys for the company, together with those of the government stepped forward to the front of Judge Landis's desk.

WILL EXAMINE MRS. EDDY AS TO HER SANITY

Specialists Appointed to Assist
Master Named by
Court.

CONCORD, N. H., July 6.—Dr. George F. Jolly, a specialist in mental diseases, and Dr. A. G. Blumer, of Providence, R. I., were today appointed co-masters with Judge Edgar Aldrich of Littleton, N. H., to determine the competency of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the founder and head of the Christian Science faith, to transact business and care for her own interests.

The appointment of the two co-masters was made at the request of Judge Aldrich by Judge Robert N. Chamberlain of the Merrimack county Superior Court, the justice who has provided over the entire litigation. Judge Aldrich wrote to Judge Chamberlain that he hesitated about accepting the sole responsibility on account of "the delicacy and sensitivity of the situation, and in view of the general public interest in the question." Judge Aldrich said he could not serve as master unless a co-master or, as he preferred, two co-masters, "of high standing in respect to mental conditions," should be appointed. Judge Chamberlain accordingly appointed Dr. Jolly and Dr. Blumer as co-masters.

"I have no idea that my authority as President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company has in any way been curtailed."

This is the statement made by President George W. Stevens of the Chesapeake and Ohio, yesterday on his return from New York, where he and Mr. Decatur Axtell, vice-president of the road, had been in attendance on a meeting of the board of directors. Mr. Stevens asserts that the rumors to the effect that the policy of the Chesapeake and Ohio would be changed are erroneous.

Watching the Situation.
The facts are that the road, like all of the great systems and business corporations, are watching closely the financial situation and taking steps to guard against any money famine.

With this aim in view the officials of the Chesapeake and Ohio have determined to cut down expenditures in every direction and to stop all improvements except those which are absolutely necessary and for which immediate payment can be made. The idea is to keep the expenses of the road within the earning capacity of the road and under no circumstances to be forced to borrow at an exorbitant rate money to pay for extraordinary improvements. The road, Mr. Stevens says, is in splendid order, and the directors are not at all concerned at once to pay these debts and to retire certain notes falling due, so that the road is not borrowing from Messrs. Blair & Company and associates in New York on notes at three years, and at about the prevailing rate of discount. This money will be used to pay the debt of the road and to retire all notes coming due in the future.

Will Issue Bonds.
On the first of July a special meeting of the stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio will be held in this city, when the directors will ask that an issue of \$10,000,000 of five per cent. bonds for improvement and new equipment be authorized. A portion of these bonds will be used as collateral for the loan referred to.

When asked if Mr. Thomas F. Ryan was in any way interested in the deal, Mr. Stevens said that as far as he knew he was not, and that he had no idea that Mr. Ryan was aware that the deal was being made by Messrs. Blair & Company and their associates. He added that the Chesapeake and Ohio would gladly have placed the notes in Richmond, but that no assurance could be given that the banks here would discount them.

This same fact was true, he said, of the plan to issue 7 per cent. preferred stock, with the sale of which to the stockholders, and indeed he had talked the matter over with local bankers, who, while willing to assist in underwriting the issue, could not insure its success.

Report Not True.
Regarding the rumor that his authority was to be curtailed, Mr. Stevens stated that such was not the case. He said that it was only proper for the heads of all corporations to have the active support of their boards of directors, and that a long time he had urged the members of the board of directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio should come into close touch with the active management of the system. With this idea in view, at the meeting held in New York on Friday, at which very large numbers of special interest from Messrs. Blair and Fowler, it was determined that three directors of the road, together with Mr. Stevens and Mr. Axtell, should form a road committee, and that three other directors, together with Mr. Stevens and Mr. Axtell, should form a finance committee.

This plan is the same that is in vogue in the Pennsylvania system. The committees report to the board, which acts as it sees proper on the recommendation. Mr. Stevens thinks that instead of being a hindrance, these committees would really facilitate the work of the board, and that in no small degree the executive head. At the meeting held on Friday, it was decided to stop for the present all improvements, such as double-tracking, station building and extensions, except about five miles of double-tracking on the Peninsula Division, near Lanexa, which is now practically completed. When this small bit is finished the road from Richmond to Newport News will be double-tracked about half the distance.

No Cut in Salaries.
In West Virginia the Coal River Railroad, a branch road to develop lumber and coal properties, will

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

**THE ACROBAT WAS
GIVEN UP FOR DEAD**

Got Up, Ate Four Big Sandwiches and Walks Four Miles.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
SALISBURY, N. C., July 6.—Will Peterson, a Rowan county athlete and acrobat performer, who fell forty feet to the ground landing on his head Thursday, arose from his bed at a hospital here yesterday, ate four big sandwiches and walked four miles to his home last night. He was picked up in what was thought a dying condition and reported dead, but strange to say no bones were broken. He will resume his former occupation of painting and doing acrobatic feats to amuse his friends when work is light.

**POLICE CAPTAIN
ASSASSINATED**

Leader of Anti-Jewish Attacks at
Valogda Killed in the
Street.

YERKATERNBURG, RUSSIA, July 6.—Captain Puskhin, of the gendarmes, was assassinated here today. He was known as the organizer of the anti-Jewish attacks at Valogda, in October, 1906, when many lives were lost. Puskhin was walking with the chief of police at the time of the attack. The latter was not injured. The assassin made their escape, and wounded a policeman in their flight.

PLAN TO ASSIST, NOT HINDER, PRESIDENT

Activity of C. & O. Directors Long Urged
by Mr. Stevens.

NO REDUCTION OF SALARIES

Stockholders Will Meet in Richmond on July 31st and Issue \$10,000,000 of 5 Per Cent. Bonds—All Extraordinary Expenditures to Be Stopped.

"I have no idea that my authority as President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company has in any way been curtailed."

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(Continued on Fourth Page.)

**KILLS YOUNG MAN
BECAUSE OF GIRL**

Saul Was Hunting and Saw King in Parlor With Miss Ramsay.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
HAYMARKET, VA., July 6.—A special today from Henry, Franklin county, says that the murder of Marshall King by Edward Saul yesterday was caused by jealousy over the affections of Miss Ramsay, a local beauty. Saul passed the Ramsey home while hunting and saw King in the parlor with Miss Ramsay. He concealed his gun and came to the door and asked King to come out, as he wanted to have a talk with him. They walked towards the barn and King was overheard to beg Saul not to shoot him. The gun was fired and King fell with a bullet in his heart. Saul threw the gun from him crying out: "Good by, folks; I am gone," and fled. He was seen going in the direction of Martinsville. The young man was about the same age as King, and he had been raised together. King was a quiet, industrious young man, while Saul was known as a rowdy character. He had been working in West Virginia.

OPEN BUREAU TO BOOM RICHMOND

Important Step Looking
To Advertisement of
Advantages of City.

DABNEY WILL BE IN CHARGE

Business Houses Heartily in
Sympathy With Movement and
Are Prompt to Give It Support—Committees
Ready for
Work.

A marked and steadily-increasing desire on the part of Richmond's progressive business men to make known the numerous advantages of the city as a manufacturing, jobbing, wholesaling and retailing center, a manifest spirit of co-operative effort and a realization of the results to be obtained through a systematic campaign of promotion, has led to the organization of a Free Bureau of Information and Commercial Exhibit, to be conducted permanently, under the auspices and direct management for the first year of Post A. Virginia Division, Travelers' Protective Association, and the Retail Merchants' Association, acting jointly, and thereafter by a chartered organization and an executive committee, composed of representatives from each business organization in the city.

Mr. Dabney in Charge.
The bureau is to be located for the first year in specially prepared quarters on Main Street, and Mr. W. T. Dabney has been appointed manager. Mr. Dabney was selected by the committee as particularly qualified for the work, and the selection has been heartily endorsed by all concerned.

The T. P. A., having nearly one thousand members in Richmond, and the Retail Merchants' Association, including nearly one hundred and fifty of the leading and largest retail firms of Richmond, are co-operating in this movement, which has for its objects the betterment of trade conditions, the attracting of visitors to the city, inducing conventions—state and national—to hold meetings at Richmond, and to act as a medium for its subscribers in offering every possible facility to strangers and visitors for seeing Richmond to the best advantage, and supplying information regarding Richmond from every point of view.

Capable and earnest members of the two organizations have consented to serve without remuneration on committees having in charge special departments of the work, each member being actuated by a full realization of the importance of the valuable service this new movement is to render to the varied business interests of our rapidly growing and interesting city.

The bureau of information will offer services free of cost to all. A complete hotel and boarding-house register will be maintained, which will render valuable assistance to individuals, to conventions, and on all occasions where large crowds visit the city.

A reading-room will have on file newspapers from all parts of the United States, where visitors may read their "home papers." A restaurant will provide stationery for writing purposes and other accommodations calculated to add to the convenience and comfort of the visitor.

Give Personal Attention.
Points of interest, historical and industrial, will be listed, and tours arranged, to the satisfaction of the convenience of the visitor. Every conceivable subject will be fully covered and the service so rendered as to impress the visitor favorably. In the case of parties who are desirous of visiting the city, and on all business points of view, the manager will give personal attention.

Not only will its services be confined to personal work such as described, but a department will be maintained through which information of a business nature will be given to parties desiring to make purchases and referred to the respective firms co-operating in this movement.

A department of publicity will be operated along lines that will secure valuable advertising for the city and for every co-operating firm. This feature of the work will be conducted along novel lines, and will be one of the most important functions of the bureau.

Printed matter of every description—booklets, cards, price-lists, folders, catalogues, souvenirs, etc., etc.—will be displayed and distributed judiciously for all business firms co-operating with the bureau, and special interest will be placed in formulating plans whereby a

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

KENNEDY IS DEPOSED AND McILWAINE IS MADE LIBRARIAN



JOHN PENDLETON KENNEDY,
State Librarian, deposed at meeting of State Library Board, held in Richmond last night.

PITCHED REDSKIN DOWN FRONT STEPS

Wadsworth Threw Indian Medicine Man Into Street and Advised Him to Leave.

HAD KNIFE, YOUNG LADY SAYS

Without saying a word, and with quiet, stealthy tread, an Indian approached No. 616 North Seventh Street last night a little after 9 o'clock, and walking up the steps leading to the front door of the residence peered in tentatively and fixedly into the face of Miss Ethel Harman, the daughter of the house.

Had Bowie Knife, She Said.
Just as the man entered the gate, Miss Harman clutched the dress of Mrs. Jack Wadsworth, who, with her husband, was about to depart for a stroll through the streets, and asked her to stay for a moment, as she was alone in the house. Somewhat startled at the Indian's fixed gaze upon her, Miss Harman asked him sharply what his business was. The man never took his eyes from her, nor did he utter a reply. Just then both ladies happened to glance more closely at the intruder and noticed that his hand was resting on what they described as a long, bowie-knife dangling from his hip.

Miss Harman promptly gave vent to a shriek of terror, and both ladies exclaimed: "Go, go, and kill him! He's got a knife!" and running into the house, locked the door behind them.

Threw Him Into Street.
Mr. Wadsworth was standing near the foot of the steps at the time of the one-sided colloquy. Hearing the ladies' exclamation, he rushed to the top of the porch, and raising the Indian in his arms, hurled him into the street.

The Indian picked himself up, and, turning round, said to the doctor, with the stolid calmness of his race: "I am Dr. Iomah."

"I don't give a—who you are. Doctor or no doctor, get out of this neighborhood," was the reply. And without more ado the Indian turned and silently ran up the street.

Meanwhile a crowd of men and women had gathered, curious to know what the screams were about. Miss Harman was almost in hysterics in the house. She would not be comforted. She was certain that the Indian would return to wreak his vengeance.

She knew that an Indian never slept until vengeance was his, "until the enemy's scalp hung dangling from his belt." Therefore, Miss Harman awaited in momentary dread, for the stealthy footfall that would herald the return of the Indian, who she pictured with desire for revenge burning from his eyes and a long bowie-knife ready in his hand.

Police Called In.
Miss Harman stated last night that the Indian had been there once before, and that he had said her a bottle of patent medicine. Whether he came last night intending to sell her another bottle, or with evil intent, is not known. Miss Harman was for a moment turned out and made search for the Indian. She stated that he is a member of the Cherokee tribe. He is about five and a half feet in height, wears a wide slouch hat, was dressed in a short coat and trousers—and carried a bowie-knife.

CONFEDERATES WANT NO WOMEN

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 6.—The Federal Chamber Bivouac, United Confederate Veterans, last night adopted a resolution to the effect that the sense of the bivouac is that there be no ladies appointed to represent Confederate veterans; that a woman at present on the staff of one of the high officers be required to resign, and no more be appointed to such places of honor or any other places within the organization. The resolution was adopted unanimously. There is a woman at present on the staff of an officer, and bears the title of assistant surgeon-general.

COMMISSION WILL KNOW WEDNESDAY

Judge Pritchard, Sitting in Richmond, Will Then Render Decision.

MATTER OF GREAT MOMENT

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 6.—The railway rate case hearing, which was begun by Judge Pritchard in the United States Circuit Court on June 26th, was concluded this afternoon, nine days being given to the arguments of counsel, and on Wednesday, at Richmond, the judge will announce his decision in the Virginia cases, which present a somewhat different question from the North Carolina cases, which were decided last Saturday. The cases were the most important ever heard here, being rivaled only by the injunction hearing in the same court some years ago, when the Southern secured an injunction preventing Governor Russell from attacking the lease of the North Carolina Railroad to the Southern. The amount involved in the various suits—that is, the amount the dozen railways claimed they would lose by the new rate fixed by North Carolina and Virginia Corporation Commissions—was well over a million dollars, and the questions presented were very difficult. The point made by the Virginia counsel, that the court is without jurisdiction, is the only one to be decided. It decided favorably to the commission, the railways will be forced to appoint a special master to take evidence on the facts alleged as to the new rates being confiscatory. Judge Pritchard goes to Richmond Monday to attend the Circuit Court of Appeals.

**PORTSMOUTH FANS
MOB THE UMPIRES**

Handicapper and Byron Have Narrow Escape from Infuriated Mob.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., July 6.—Wrought this afternoon into a high state of excitement over the alleged "robbery" of their club by Umpires Handicapper and Byron, 2,000 spectators rushed on the diamond after the game was over for the avowed purpose of "doing up" the umpires. Owner Bland of the Portsmouth club, and Police Officer Culpeper and others hustled the umpires into the club-house. Real lemons and other missiles were thrown at the fleeing party.

An effort was made to spirit them away by the way of a back door to the clubhouse, but the crowd was apparently more determined than ever to get at the officials. Lemons had turned into brickbats, and watermelon rinds into railroad spikes, and they rained on the umpires. Owner Bland and the police used their clubs, but the crowd came on. The officers drew their pistols. A brick knocked the gun from the hand of one of them, and another struck a lady appointed to make search for the umpires. Byron and Handicapper were finally put into the W. M. C. A. Building, and there they were late to night.

As the result of the loss of the game Norfolk took third place in the pennant race, and Portsmouth dropped to fifth.

McKim & Co. to Pay All.
BALTIMORE, MD., July 6.—Charles Morris Howard, who was on Monday last appointed receiver for the banking and brokerage firm of McKim & Co., made a statement today, in which he says that, after going over the books of the firm, he is satisfied that all creditors will be paid in full, and there will be, in all probability, a comfortable surplus.

Detective in Trouble.
DENNIS, ROWA, a colored detective, became involved in a row last night with Mr. David Connell, of Connell & Miller's, restaurant keepers on Broad Street, and it is alleged, made an attempt to "cut Mr. Miller. A warrant was sworn out for him, and he was arrested by Officer Clark.

Resignation of Former
Offered Again and is
Promptly Accepted.

ENDS LONG AND BITTER FIGHT

Believed That Selection of Hampden-Sidney Man Will Bring Controversy to Close.

FORMER LIBRARIAN WILL NOT DISCUSS SITUATION

Institution Placed in Charge of
Executive Committee Until New
Head Accepts Office and
Qualifies—Decision Not
Reached Until Nearly
Midnight.

At the long-awaited session held in Richmond last night the State Library Board, by a vote of 3 to 2, accepted the resignation of Librarian John P. Kennedy, and unanimously elected Dr. Henry R. McIlwaine, of Hampden-Sidney, to succeed him, and placed the institution in charge of the executive committee pending the qualification of the new officer.

Dr. McIlwaine will accept and qualify in a few days, as he applied for the position, provided it should come to him on an undivided vote.

Spirited Discussion.
The decision, which it is believed will end the long and turbulent controversy in the library, which has distracted the staff of the institution and created discordant factions, was not reached until nearly midnight, and there is reason to believe that the matter created spirited discussion.

Mr. Kennedy did not seem moved by the announcement that his resignation had been accepted, and though speaking politely with reference to the result, he positively declined to make any statement for publication. All the members were present, and the vote was precisely as was indicated in The Times-Dispatch of yesterday. Messrs. Pendleton, Gordon and Fishburne having voted against, and Messrs. Patterson and Garnett for the deposed officer.

Accepted "At Once."
After deliberating for several hours, the anticipated climax came. Meanwhile, the resignation of Mr. Kennedy, which was recently rejected by a vote of three to two, had been rejected last night. It was presented "to take effect at the pleasure of the board," and the board, by a majority vote, was quick to show its pleasure.

When the paper was read, Mr. S. S. P. Patterson of this city, who has stood steadfastly by the fortunes of Mr. Kennedy, evidently anticipating that the end was near, presented a resolution providing that it be accepted "at the pleasure of the board." Mr. Edmund Pendleton, the new member from Richmond, was ready at the moment with a substitute which read: "At once."

The vote was taken with the result given above, and all over the matter Mr. Kennedy was concerned as a public officer of Virginia.

Other Matters.
Beyond accepting the resignation and electing Mr. Kennedy's successor, the board transacted but little business of public interest.

Mr. Pendleton was made a member of the board, and in the place of Mr. Chas. V. Meredith, whom he recently succeeded as a member of the board, and he and Mr. Patterson, having charge of the institution as the executive committee, will probably designate work done for Dr. George B. Johnston tomorrow to act as Librarian until Dr. McIlwaine shall come in, in which it is not thought will be more than a few days.

The board decided that the controversy between Mr. Kennedy and the library class over the pay of the latter for work done for Dr. George B. Johnston was not a matter for the body to settle, and that it should be left to the deposed officer and the young ladies of the class.

Although applications of quite a number of candidates were presented to the board the vote for Dr. McIlwaine was unanimous.

The New Librarian.
The newly-elected officer is a native of Petersburg, and is a scholar of rare attainments. He is a nephew of Dr. Richard McIlwaine, of this city, formerly president of the State Board of Hampden-Sidney College. Dr. Henry R. McIlwaine is a Ph. D. of Johns Hopkins University, and is professor of history at Hampden-Sidney and librarian of the famous old institution. He comes with the highest recommendations, and it is said that he has brought the institution of which he now has charge up to a very high standard. The position to which Dr. McIlwaine has just been elected carries a salary of \$5,000 a year, and the librarian serves "at the pleasure of the board." It speaks well for Dr. McIlwaine's recommendations that though the board was sharply divided up in the moment upon the question of dismissing Mr. Kennedy, the members were as one man when it came to electing his successor.

Executive Session.
The meeting of the board last night was in executive session, but as the particular feature relating to Mr. Kennedy consumed almost the entire session, it is evident that it was thoroughly discussed in its every detail by both sides. It will be recalled that the former board, by a vote of 3 to 2 (Mr. Meredith, whom Mr. Pendleton succeeded, then voting with the majority), rejected Mr. Kennedy's resignation. Therefore this paper was disposed of, and in order to get the matter up in the form of a resignation last night it was necessary for a new resignation to be offered. This was done, and Mr. Kennedy's exit from public office is made less humiliating, for in the absence of a resignation the final